

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: GooseDeFi **Date**: February 21st, 2021



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Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for GooseDeFi.
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU
Туре	Token, Governance, TimeLock, Defi
Platform	Binance Smart Chain
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual
	Review
Repository	
Commit	
Deployed	
contract	
Timeline	18 FEB 2021 – 21 FEB 2021
Changelog	21 FEB 2021 – INITIAL AUDIT



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Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by GooseDeFi (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between February 18th, 2021 – February 21st, 2021.

Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts in the repository:

Contract deployment address:

Repository

File:

EggToken.sol 0xF952Fc3ca7325Cc27D15885d37117676d25BfdA6 MasterChef.sol 0xe70E9185F5ea7Ba3C5d63705784D8563017f2E57 Timelock.sol 0x2Ef488DE034567e9B8D312928fD52812A242aB3A

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

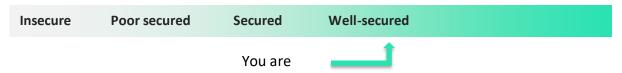
Category	Check Item
Code review	Reentrancy
	 Ownership Takeover
	Timestamp Dependence
	 Gas Limit and Loops
	DoS with (Unexpected) Throw
	DoS with Block Gas Limit
	Transaction-Ordering Dependence
	 Style guide violation
	Costly Loop
	ERC20 API violation
	Unchecked external call
	Unchecked math
	 Unsafe type inference
	Implicit visibility level
	Deployment Consistency
	Repository Consistency
	 Data Consistency

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Functional review	 Business Logics Review
	Functionality Checks
	Access Control & Authorization
	Escrow manipulation
	Token Supply manipulation
	Assets integrity
	 User Balances manipulation
	 Kill-Switch Mechanism
	 Operation Trails & Event Generation

Executive Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are well-secured.

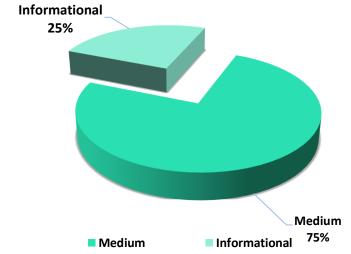


Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

Security engineers found **2** medium, **1** informational issue during the audit.

Notice: the audit scope is limited and not include all files in the repository. Though, reviewed contracts are secure, we may not guarantee secureness of contracts that are not in the scope.





Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the first review. Informational

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Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.



AS-IS overview

Timelock.sol

Description

Timelock queues and executes transactions.

Imports

Timelock has following imports:

• SafeMath.sol – from the OpenZeppelin.

Inheritance

Timelock does not inherit anything.

Usages

Timelock contract has following usages:

• SafeMath for uint.

Structs

Timelock contract has no data structures.

Enums

Timelock contract has no enums.

Events

Timelock contract has following events:

- event NewAdmin(address indexed newAdmin);
- event NewPendingAdmin(address indexed newPendingAdmin);
- event NewDelay(uint indexed newDelay);
- event CancelTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);
- event ExecuteTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);
- event QueueTransaction(bytes32 indexed txHash, address indexed target, uint value, string signature, bytes data, uint eta);



Modifiers

Timelock has no modifiers.

Fields

Timelock contract has following fields and constants:

- uint public constant GRACE_PERIOD = 14 days;
- uint public constant MINIMUM_DELAY = 6 hours;
- uint public constant MAXIMUM_DELAY = 30 days;
- address public admin an admin address.
- address public pendingAdmin a pending admin.
- uint public delay delay between a transaction queueing and execution.
- mapping (bytes32 => bool) public queuedTransactions queued transactions.

Functions

Timelock has following public functions:

• constructor

Description

Inits the contract and sets default parameters.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- address admin_ admin address.
- o uint delay_ delay between a transaction queuing and execution.

Constraints

A `delay_` value should be between DELAY and MAXIMUM_DELAY.
 Events emit

None

Output

None

- receive
 Description
 Allows ETH transfers.
- setDelay

Description Sets a delay. Visibility public



Input parameters

○ uint delay_ - delay between a transaction queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be the contract itself.
- A `delay_` value should be between DELAY and MAXIMUM_DELAY.

Events emit

Emits the `NewDelay` event.

Output

None

• acceptAdmin

Description

Accept the admin permissions.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

None

Constraints

• A message sender should be a pending admin.

Events emit

Emits the `NewAdmin` event.

Output

None

• setPendingAdmin

Description

Accept the admin permissions.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

address pendingAdmin_ - a pending admin address.

Constraints

 $\circ~$ A message sender should be the contract itself.

Events emit

Emits the `NewPendingAdmin` event.

Output

None

• queueTransaction

Description

Add a new transaction to the queue.

- Visibility
- public



Input parameters

- address target a tx target.
- uint value a tx value.
- string memory signature a method signature.
- bytes memory data a tx data.
- o uint eta a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be admin.
- `eta` should be more than current time plus delay value.

Events emit

Emits the `QueueTransaction` event.

Output

bytes32 – a tx hash.

• cancelTransaction

Description

Cancel a transaction.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- address target a tx target.
- uint value a tx value.
- string memory signature a method signature.
- bytes memory data a tx data.
- o uint eta a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

• A message sender should be admin.

Events emit

Emits the `CancelTransaction` event.

Output

None

• executeTransaction

Description

Execute a transaction.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- address target a tx target.
- uint value a tx value.
- string memory signature a method signature.
- bytes memory data a tx data.



o uint eta – a minimum delay between a tx queuing and execution.

Constraints

- A message sender should be admin.
- A transaction should be queued.
- Current timestamp should be between `eta` and `eta` + GRACE PERIOD.

Events emit

Emits the `ExecuteTransaction` event.

Output

None

MasterChef.sol

Description

MasterChef is a liquidity pool with rewards in Egg token.

Imports

MasterChef has following imports:

- @openzeppelin/contracts/math/SafeMath.sol
- ./libs/IBEP20.sol
- ./libs/SafeBEP20.sol
- @openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol
- ./EggToken.sol

Inheritance

MasterChef is Ownable.

Usages

MasterChef contract has following usages:

- SafeMath for uint256
- SafeBEP20 for IBEP20

Structs

MasterChef contract has following data structures:

- UserInfo
- PoolInfo



Enums

MasterChef contract has no enums.

Events

MasterChef contract has following events:

- Deposit
- Withdraw
- EmergencyWithdraw

Modifiers

MasterChef has no custom modifiers.

Fields

MasterChef contract has following fields and constants:

- EggToken public egg
- address public devaddr
- uint256 public eggPerBlock
- uint256 public constant BONUS_MULTIPLIER = 1
- address public feeAddress
- PoolInfo[] public poolInfo
- mapping (uint256 => mapping (address => UserInfo)) public userInfo
- uint256 public totalAllocPoint = 0
- uint256 public startBlock

Functions

MasterChef has following public functions:

• constructor

Description

Sets initial values of the contract.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- EggToken _egg,
- o address _devaddr
- o address _feeAddress
- o uint256 _eggPerBlock
- o vuint256 _startBlock



Constraints None **Events emit** None Output None poolLength Description Returns a number of pools. Visibility external view **Input parameters** None **Constraints** None **Events emit** None Output • uint256 – a number of pools. changeFactor • Description Updates the *rewardTimeFactor*. Visibility public **Input parameters** None **Constraints** onlyOwner modifier. **Events emit** None Output None • add Description Add a new lp to the pool. Visibility public **Input parameters** uint256 _allocPoint

o IERC20 _lpToken



- o uint16 _depositFeeBP
- bool _withUpdate

Constraints

o onlyOwner modifier.

Events emit

None

Output

None

• set

Description

Update the given pool's allocation point

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- \circ uint256_pid
- o uint256 _allocPoint
- o bool_withUpdate

Constraints

- onlyOwner modifier.
- **Events emit**

None

Output

None

• getMultiplier

Description

Return reward multiplier over the given _from to _to block.

Visibility

Public view

Input parameters

- \circ uint256 from
- o uint256 to

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

o uint256 – requested multiplier.

pendingEgg

Description

Returns pending reward tokens of a _user for a _pid reward pool.



Visibility external view Input parameters uint256_pid address _user **Constraints** None **Events** emit None Output ○ uint256 – available tokens. massUpdatePools Description Update reward variables for all pools. Visibility public **Input parameters** None **Constraints** None **Events emit** None Output None updatePool Description Update reward variables of the given pool to be up-to-date. Visibility public Input parameters o uint256_pid **Constraints** None **Events** emit None Output None deposit Description

Deposit LP tokens.



Visibility public Input parameters uint256_pid uint256 _amount **Constraints** None **Events** emit Emits the Deposit event. Output None withdraw Description Withdraw LP tokens. Visibility public **Input parameters** o uint256 pid uint256 _amount **Constraints** • An _amount should not exceed a user balance of a _pid pool **Events emit** Emits the Withdraw event. Output None • emergencyWithdraw Description Withdraw LP tokens without a reward. Visibility public **Input parameters** o uint256 pid

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits the EmergencyWithdraw event.

Output

None

dev
 Description



Allows dev address to set another dev address.

- setFeeAddress
 Description
 Allows fee address to set another fee address.
- updateEmissionRate
 Description
 Mass update pool and sets new eggPerBlock value.
 Visibility
 public
 Input parameters

 uint256 _eggPerBlock

 Constraints

 onlyOwner modifier.

 Events emit

 Output
 - None

EggToken.sol

Description

EggToken is a token with following parameters:

- Name: Goose Golden Egg
- Symbol: EGG
- Decimals: 18

The EggToken has voting functionality.

Imports

EggToken contract has following imports:

• ./libs/BEP20.sol

Inheritance

EggToken contract is BEP20.

Usages

EggToken contract has no custom usages.

Structs



EggToken contract has following data structures:

• struct Checkpoint – stores votes checkpoints.

Enums

EggToken contract has no custom enums.

Events

EggToken contract has following custom evets:

- event DelegateChanged(address indexed delegator, address indexed fromDelegate, address indexed toDelegate)
- event DelegateVotesChanged(address indexed delegate, uint256 previousBalance, uint256 newBalance)

Modifiers

EggToken has no custom modifiers.

Fields

EggToken contract has following fields and constants:

- mapping (address => mapping (uint32 => Checkpoint)) public checkpoints
- mapping (address => uint32) public numCheckpoints
- bytes32 public constant DOMAIN_TYPEHASH = keccak256("EIP712Domain(string name,uint256 chainId,address verifyingContract)")
- bytes32 public constant DELEGATION_TYPEHASH = keccak256("Delegation(address delegatee,uint256 nonce,uint256 expiry)")
- mapping (address => uint) public nonces

Functions

EggToken has following public functions:

delegates
 Description
 Returns an address to whom *delegator* delegates his votes.

 Visibility
 external view



Input parameters

address delegator

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

- \circ address
- delegate

Description

Delegate votes from *msg.sender* to *delegate*.

Visibility

external

Input parameters

 \circ address delegatee

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits DelegateChanged event.

Output

None

• delegateBySig

Description

Delegates votes from signatory to *delegatee*.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- \circ address delegate
- o uint256 nonce
- o uint256 expiry
- o uint8 v
- o bytes32 r
- o bytes32 s

Constraints

None

Events emit

Emits DelegateChanged event.

Output

None



getCurrentVotes
 Description

Get current votes balance for account.

Visibility

external view

Input parameters

 \circ address account

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

- uint256 number of current votes for *account*.
- getPriorVotes

Description

Determine the prior number of votes for an account as of a

blockNumber.

Visibility

public view

Input parameters

- o address account
- o uint256 blockNumber

Constraints

None

Events emit

None

Output

• uint256 — number of votes the account had as of the given block.

• mint

Description

Mints an _amount to _to address.

Visibility

public

Input parameters

- \circ address _to
- \circ uint256 _amount

Constraints

o *onlyOwner* modifier.

Events emit



None **Output** None



Audit overview

Critical

No critical issues were found.

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No high severity issues were found.

Medium

- 1. The *add* function of the *MasterChef* contract is lack of validations for the _*lpToken* existence.
- 2. The *updateEmissionRate* function of the *MasterChef* can fail due to block gas limit if the pool size is big enough.

Low

No low severity issues were found.

Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

1. Some code style issues were found by the static code analyzers.



Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-Is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found **2** medium, **1** informational issue during the audit.

Notice: the audit scope is limited and not include all files in the repository. Though, reviewed contracts are secure, we may not guarantee secureness of contracts that are not in the scope.

Violations in the following categories were found and addressed to Customer:

Category	Check Item	Comments
Code review	 Costly loops 	 Execution of the updateEmissionRate function of the MasterChef may fail due to block gas limit
	 Data consistency 	 The add function of the MasterChef is lack of _lpToken validation.



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.