

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: Orao Date: April 5<sup>th</sup>, 2021



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## **Document**

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Orao - Initial Audit	
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin   CTO Hacken OU	
Туре	Token and Staking Pool	
Platform	Ethereum / Solidity	
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review	
Repository	<pre>https://gitlab.com/orao_nik/orao-token-smart-contract/- /commits/audit-fixex f851e29b</pre>	
Timeline	2 April 2021 - 5 April 2021	
Changelog	5 April 2021 - initial audit	



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## Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Orao (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on April  $5^{th}$ , 2021.

## Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts provided in zip-archive:

https://gitlab.com/orao\_nik/orao-token-smart-contract/-/commits/audit-fixex
f851e29b
Orao.sol

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item	
Code review	Reentrancy	
	<ul> <li>Ownership Takeover</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Timestamp Dependence</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Gas Limit and Loops</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DoS with (Unexpected) Throw</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>DoS with Block Gas Limit</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Transaction-Ordering Dependence</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Style guide violation</li> </ul>	
	Costly Loop	
	<ul> <li>ERC20 API violation</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Unchecked external call</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Unchecked math</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Unsafe type inference</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Implicit visibility level</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Deployment Consistency</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Repository Consistency</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Data Consistency</li> </ul>	



Functional review	<ul> <li>Business Logics Review</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Functionality Checks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Access Control &amp; Authorization</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Escrow manipulation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Token Supply manipulation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Asset's integrity</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>User Balances manipulation</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Kill-Switch Mechanism</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Operation Trails &amp; Event Generation</li> </ul>

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## **Executive Summary**

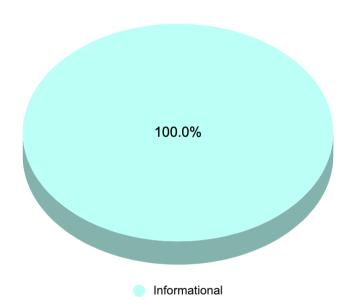
According to the assessment, the Customer's smart is secured.

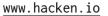
Insecure	Poor secured	Secured	Well-secured
	You are here		

Our team performed an analysis or code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. A general overview is presented in AS-IS section, and all found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

Security engineers found **3** informational issues during review.

Graph 1. The distribution of vulnerabilities after the first review.







## **Severity Definitions**

Risk Level	Description	
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.	
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions	
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.	
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution	
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations, and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.	

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## Audit overview

#### Critical

No Critical severity issues were found.

#### High

No High severity issues were found.

#### Medium

No Medium severity issues were found.

## Lowest / Code style / Best Practice

- 1. Lines 53, 64, 76, 81, 95, 98, 103, 106, 170, 173, 178, 179 of the code are above the recommended <u>maximum line length</u>.
- Vulnerability: Public function that could be declared external Contract: OraoToken

public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

In file:Orao.sol:41

function initialize() public virtual initializer {

In file:Orao.sol:75

function initializePool(string calldata \_poolIdentifier, address[]
calldata users, uint256[] calldata amounts) public onlyOwner {

#### In file:Orao.sol:105

function updateValidatorRewardsDistribution(uint256[60] calldata
\_distribution) public onlyOwner {

#### In file:Orao.sol:109

function updateCustomerIncentivesDistribution(uint256[60] calldata
 distribution) public onlyOwner {

3. Vulnerability: Variable state never changes Contract: OraoToken

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The variable <u>lastCallTimestamp</u> is never modified, except of the initializer.

In file:Orao.sol:33

uint256 public lastCallTimestamp;

In file:Orao.sol:43-49

function initialize() public virtual initializer +	ĺ
ERC20_init("ORAO Network", "ORAO");	
<pre>_mint(address(this), 1e9*1e18);</pre>	
owner = msg.sender;	
<pre>deploymentTimestamp = block.timestamp;</pre>	
lastCallTimestamp = 0;	

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## Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. For the contract, high-level description of functionality was presented in As-Is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found **3** informational issues during the review.

Category	Check Items	Comments
→Code Review	→ Style guide violation	<ul> <li>→ Public function that could be declared external</li> <li>→ Variable state never changes</li> <li>→ Maximum line length</li> </ul>

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## **Disclaimers**

### Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

### **Technical Disclaimer**

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.