

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT

Customer: TribeOne

**Date**: June 14<sup>th</sup>, 2021

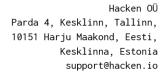


This document may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities are fixed - upon a decision of the Customer.

#### **Document**

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for TribeOne - Initial Audit		
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin   CTO Hacken OU		
Туре	ERC20 & BEP20 Token		
Platform	Ethereum / Solidity		
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review		
Solidity flattened	<u>HAKA.sol</u> ( <b>md5:</b> ba2a875285a2c12d3e08932f0658e61b)		
Deployed code	https://testnet.bscscan.com/address/0x356a8278CFB954b714e3F157E4D24 22b15d38a6d#code		
Timeline	03 June 2021 - 04 June 2021		
Changelog	04 June 2021 - INITIAL AUDIT 14 June 2021 - BSC CONTRACT ADDED		





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## Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by HAKA (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on June  $4^{\rm th}$ , 2021.

## Scope

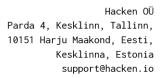
The scope of the project is the smart contracts in the flattened solidity file:

HAKA.sol (md5: ba2a875285a2c12d3e08932f0658e61b)

Or next deployed BSC contract:

We have scanned these smart contracts for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	<ul><li>Reentrancy</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Ownership Takeover</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Timestamp Dependence</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Gas Limit and Loops</li></ul>
	<ul><li>DoS with (Unexpected) Throw</li></ul>
	<ul><li>DoS with Block Gas Limit</li></ul>
	<ul> <li>Transaction-Ordering Dependence</li> </ul>
	Style guide violation
	<ul><li>Costly Loop</li></ul>
	<ul><li>ERC20 API violation</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Unchecked external call</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Unchecked math</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Unsafe type inference</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Implicit visibility level</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Deployment Consistency</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Repository Consistency</li></ul>
	<ul><li>Data Consistency</li></ul>





#### Functional review

- Business Logics Review
- Functionality Checks
- Access Control & Authorization
- Escrow manipulation
- Token Supply manipulation
- Asset's integrity
- User Balances manipulation
- Kill-Switch Mechanism
- Operation Trails & Event Generation



## **Executive Summary**

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are poor-secured

Insecure	Poor secured	Secured	Well-secured
		You are here	e

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. All found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

Security engineers found no issues during the first review.



# **Severity Definitions**

Risk Level	Description		
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.		
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions		
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.		
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution		
Lowest / Code	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations,		
Style / Best	and info statements can't affect smart contract		
Practice	execution and can be ignored.		



## **Audit overview**

## --- Critical

No Critical severity issues were found.

## High

No High severity issues were found.

#### ■ ■ Medium

No Medium severity issues were found.

#### Low

No Low severity issues were found.



## **Conclusion**

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security engineers found no issues during the first review.



#### **Disclaimers**

#### Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only - we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure security of smart contracts.

#### **Technical Disclaimer**

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.