HACKEN

ч

SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: ColdStack Date: October 20th, 2021



This document may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report containing confidential information can be used internally by the Customer, or it can be disclosed publicly after all vulnerabilities are fixed – upon a decision of the Customer.

Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for ColdStack.	
Approved by	Andrew Matiukhin CTO Hacken OU	
Туре	ERC20 Upgradable token; Vesting	
Platform	Ethereum / Solidity	
Methods	Architecture Review, Functional Testing, Computer-Aided Verification, Manual Review	
Deployed contract	https://etherscan.io/address/0x675bbc7514013e2073db7a919f6e4cbe f576de37#code	
Technical Documentation	NO	
JS tests	NO	
Website	https://coldstack.io	
Timeline	18 OCTOBER 2021 - 20 OCTOBER 2021	
Changelog	20 OCTOBER 2021 - INITIAL AUDIT	



Table of contents

Introduction	4
Scope	4
Executive Summary	5
Severity Definitions	7
Audit overview	8
Conclusion	8
Disclaimers	10



Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by ColdStack (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted between October 18th, 2021 - October 20th, 2021.

Scope

The scope of the project is smart contracts deployed to the ethereum network: **Contract:**

https://etherscan.io/address/0x675bbc7514013e2073db7a919f6e4cbef576de 37#code

Technical Documentation: No JS tests: No Contracts: Coldstack

We have scanned this smart contract for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that are considered:

Category	Check Item
Code review	 Reentrancy
	 Ownership Takeover
	 Timestamp Dependence
	 Gas Limit and Loops
	 DoS with (Unexpected) Throw
	 DoS with Block Gas Limit
	 Transaction-Ordering Dependence
	 Style guide violation
	 Costly Loop
	 ERC20 API violation
	 Unchecked external call
	 Unchecked math
	 Unsafe type inference
	 Implicit visibility level
	 Deployment Consistency
	 Repository Consistency
	 Data Consistency

	L	Ц	Ц
Ë		1	П
Ш			

Functional review	 Business Logics Review Functionality Checks Access Control & Authorization Escrow manipulation
	 Token Supply manipulation
	 Assets integrity
	 User Balances manipulation
	 Data Consistency manipulation
	 Kill-Switch Mechanism
	 Operation Trails & Event Generation

Executive Summary

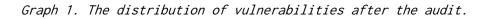
According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contracts are secured.

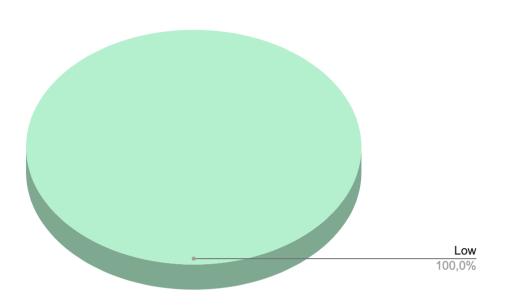
Insecure	Poor secured	Secured	Well-secured
	You are here		

Our team performed an analysis of code functionality, manual audit, and automated checks with Mythril and Slither. All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed, and important vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. All found issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found 2 low severity issues.









Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have a significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g., public access to crucial functions
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to assets loss or data manipulations.
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused, etc. code snippets that can't have a significant impact on execution



Audit overview

🔳 🔳 🔳 Critical

No critical issues were found.

📕 📕 📕 High

No high severity issues were found.

🔳 🔳 Medium

No medium severity issues were found.

Low

1. Too many digits

Literals with many digits are difficult to read and review.

Contract: Coldstack

Function: initialize

Recommendation: please use scientific notation with ether units suffix instead (ie: *50e6 ether*).

2. A public function that could be declared external

public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

Contract: Coldstack

Function: initialize

Recommendation: Use the **external** attribute for functions never called from the contract.



Conclusion

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools.

The audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

As a result of the audit, security engineers found **2** low severity issues.



Disclaimers

Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The audit makes no statements or warranties on the security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only – we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.