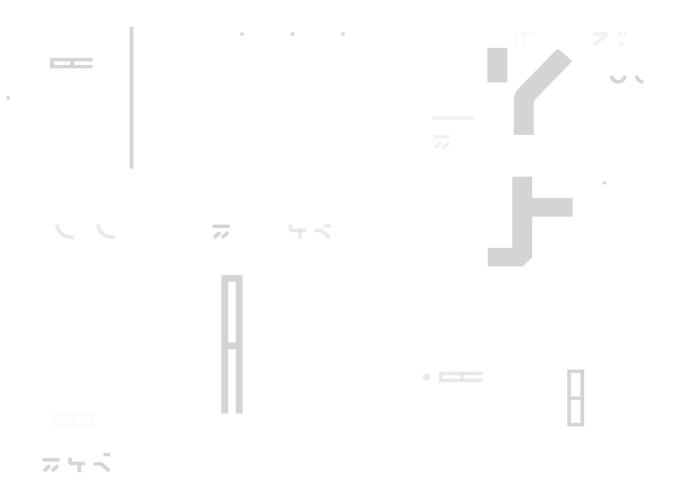
# HACKEN

5

# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



Customer: Paribus Date: March 13, 2023



This report may contain confidential information about IT systems and the intellectual property of the Customer, as well as information about potential vulnerabilities and methods of their exploitation.

The report can be disclosed publicly after prior consent by another Party. Any subsequent publication of this report shall be without mandatory consent.

# Document

Name	Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Paribus
Approved By	Marcin Ugarenko   Lead Solidity SC Auditor at Hacken OU
Туре	Lending Platform
Platform	EVM
Language	Solidity
Methodology	Link
Website	https://paribus.io/
Changelog	29.01.2023 - Initial Review 22.02.2023 - Second Review 13.03.2023 - Third Review



# Table of contents

Introduction	4
Scope	4
Severity Definitions	12
Executive Summary	13
Checked Items	14
System Overview	17
Findings	20
Critical	20
High	20
H01. Non-Finalized Code	20
H02. Non-Finalized Code	20
H03. Requirements Violation	20
H04. Undocumented Behavior	21
Medium	21
M01. Best Practice Violation - Usage of Assert	21
M02. Unscalable Functionality - Shadowing State Variable	22
M03. Contradiction - Missing Validation	22
M04. Unscalable Functionality - Shadowing State Variable	22
Low	23
L01. Floating Pragma	23
L02. Style Guide Violation	24
L03. Unused Function Arguments	25
L04. Best Practices - Modifiers	25
L05. Missing Zero Address Validation	25
L06. Checks-Effects-Interactions Violation	25
L07. Missing Events	26
L08. Functions That Can Be Declared External	26
L09. Boolean Equality	26
L10. Unindexed Events	27
L11. No Messages in Require Conditions	27
L12. Outdated Compiler Version	27
Disclaimers	30



# Introduction

Hacken OÜ (Consultant) was contracted by Paribus (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis. This report presents the findings of the security assessment of the Customer's smart contracts.

# Scope

The scope of the project is review and security analysis of smart contracts in the repository:

Repository	https://github.com/Paribus/paribus-protocol-contracts
Commit	90dcd5f94d746a128dae43de532db3298ac78fc0
Whitepaper	https://paribus.io/documents/PARIBUS-Litepaper-V1.0.pdf
Functional Requirements	<pre>https://github.com/Paribus/paribus-protocol-contracts/blob/ma innet-mvp/README.md</pre>
Technical Requirements	<pre>https://github.com/Paribus/paribus-protocol-contracts/blob/ma innet-mvp/README.md</pre>
Contracts	<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol SHA3: ee506ddd80149530bef4e157f1a429897fa950837ac150f7d7cde861a43e39e3 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterface.sol SHA3: 871fb80caf2f743d7289cd44784c42649c251aec7900b4799fcc3bd370b7ff88 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol SHA3: f7e0ee483131d57692bc2eb9380b2bded41ebca9a46f739393d4d1565c37a2a5 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol SHA3: 86f02a906b0ea0d2d89c47540488966ea048043970df39d8a47cd586db18a607 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerStorage.sol SHA3: 1ce88f8789b2ff09835f84c1980350f21addc1c49a6368e713675ac667bdbd08 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol SHA3: 1ce88f8789b2ff09835f84c1980350f21addc1c49a6368e713675ac667bdbd08 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol SHA3: 1ce88f8789b2ff09835f84c1980350f21addc1c49a6368e713675ac667bdbd08 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol SHA3: 1ce88f8789b2ff09835f84c1980350f21addc1c49a6368e713675ac667bdbd08 File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol SHA3: 1ce88f8789b2ff09835f84c1980350f21addc1c49a6368e713675ac667bdbd08 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3: 307d993383a78ece804790c87427cad17a537afad436a005deb5d291b9a38723 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/DAIIInterestRateModelV3.sol SHA3: 60a4d128d7fd9a383da362b84a81887624950230430b688b3c97008d855e0742 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/InterestRateModelInterface.sol SHA3: 60a4d128d7fd9a383da362b84a81887624950230430b688b3c97008d855e0742 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelI.sol SHA3: 403e807589b604da379e786f4c00a83b66befe8991b7f803a9e50312605be0bd File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3: 403e807589b604da379e786f4c00a83b66befe8991b7f803a9e50312605be0bd File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3: 403e807589b604da379e786f4c00a83b66befe8991b7f803a9e50312605be0bd File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3: 403e807589b604da379e786f4c00a83b66befe8991b7f803a9e50312605be0bd File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/J</pre>

# Initial review scope



	File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyInterestRateModel.sol
	SHA3:
	<pre>9c8c9ba78a900c14c8ad6d95a65352d367b3e3ceb31e8f05c4ae1e15ad530b95 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyJumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3:</pre>
	3ca2ee9712be05a0e5d89b872b912f4493fe9609a88887ff91e4ff47eda78969 File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol SHA3:
	cc4d796b1edaaf50f25e492669924245edf9c2f456fa25a9ab80432096b0b57a File: ./contracts/Interfaces/AaveInterfaces.sol
	SHA3: a964f41a063d1e62ab0b1566fea95bda8c2a6c4a339e65d08078242974b7a4fe
	File: ./contracts/Interfaces/Api3Interfaces.sol
	406999c7910f4b29ee7dd8a5249d3ac36e039ccc3149adcc55fd576fa7d7d275 File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20Interface.sol
	SHA3: 9f04d6854fb5ac2b37fadb8eed23264034cd2515f5fc0efbf4a942ec474e8506
	File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20NonStandardInterface.sol SHA3:
	83b3090f8985051b09b9b8bf131386957ae23819e0da190f503f7e69a250f654 File: ./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV2Interfaces.sol
1	SHA3:
	f50858933c0c94716fa15da302a8cf46419d457b20a162715984a25ee76419af File: ./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV3Interfaces.sol SHA3:
	2353f4bbf1768c6f305a29b030a37d461285e2171883edd42c1a85cec28fa92a File: ./contracts/Liquidator.sol
	SHA3:
	ab39b4bfb5b6036e91f49e0f9f7a07484af5ed30b142dc97ace69a8a49f393ee File: ./contracts/Maximillion.sol SHA3:
	ef6bd55adb315b643a702617211e57175280d7f6722f2c3a56429221b2e6bd21
	File: ./contracts/PBXToken.sol SHA3:
	adbd140dbcde8ff22cab439e5954fcafe64da7fdc8115be0d6efdef2fdb1fb57 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol
	SHA3:
	edfc09dab65528cf52ea3a0fe9034b0e011eef64bfbc12758a003351e38341e7 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/GoerliPriceOracle.sol
	SHA3: 454287daa907961ac5f44825ce26e3ebb2e9cb96d9aef4d0ced84edb1a0fda44 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol
	SHA3: c78e062e17a5ed053775bbea77d049097d1e051bee0daceea3f8ed5fcfbbfca2
	File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol
	SHA3: 2392de1d2f14d3ac478e9b5f3e61e40fc7f4012b9ccfec349abd6f9fdc5e4212 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol
	SHA3: 3aa8347385d87abc746525b17f4d256cd81ae32d781a6c995b66bf3db50952ef
	File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol SHA3:
	a0b4a88f7c483fc34c29b389ee7640d576d2510989e484ea2d2bf701b06d8230 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/PolygonPriceOracle.sol
	SHA3: ed5981be7e1139f474fddb35fbd66e4e9ef8134377907e01813013e3669c9486 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol
	SHA3: 6006a75b29cfd3b5a492f664d8834fdbe59b11ff77f5fad3dc6a133f6880ab9e
	<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/RinkebyPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
	<pre>6cca6d53a8ec2a9f614443d895d966032c45d1c11f78cc9170203c46cee72345 File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol</pre>
E Contraction of the second seco	



	SHA3:
	4452ca6695e37c3fd63ea7367fa1952aedf2f2e66b301feb06d97e8b7387721d
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20.sol
	SHA3:
	0ebcb28b94e9790a827d2a038988d277aa489c95978b66fb120e20a062b00859
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol
	SHA3:
	6bb6353dccf5ba0cf9f5e3aaf4674c453776de5872689f2efa8ae5ed4b4d1d8e
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol
	SHA3:
	19451ba74cc36a6d737957fabf5c3465c7c4e8a25d5a854ef9193d23d860c489
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Immutable.sol
	SHA3:
	40dbcf11b985b4c6eca3c46b18b9a56bcaaba45e898fda9fd5d28c38f92aae63
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEther.sol
	SHA3:
	21db7a023fac76c5f4c9b84d6407aa3fbf67b80ed69203a40b0ade76d0acc5f5
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegate.sol
	SHA3:
	9f71d7b8da92772404e86c9a09ac072cc489a4266a432ce610951001e2e81ccc
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol SHA3:
	1c5d8db27fca7d2341d24f5fd3723877cd1f6e64da723f957aba2a88857dfbc6
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherImmutable.sol
	SHA3:
	7768db57bee975e131d68f5478fa2350e0cc2ba777963027dceeb7e31039f83e
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol
	SHA3:
	1e85435e89e0b1f6f7035ced367f30e4cf551dfcd6f508689d50c61aade8c73d
	File: ./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol
	SHA3:
	9d25c76be4fece75523aad709190538037d4f6b3eb9045bc0b01b8638c174211
	File: ./contracts/Utils/ExponentialNoError.sol
	SHA3:
	aa5b4a810160e383d6ca2de28e4bfbbce4be2166b6933a5ad7337898609720d2
	File: ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol
	SHA3:
	6f2afa88571aa431358939eb6487bdb2d04ada8659a09a956e1b9c6e106a8f32
	File: ./contracts/Utils/SafeMath.sol
	60e6dc8f43c9ca59cf273c4691d1d1d7aac5ed724dfee53b0238f84edbf8e14f
	File: ./contracts/Utils/Timelock.sol
	SHA3:
	6026e1918b8be538d3169280a6b475f59ea240ca0cb1b743d3f05679f9ce9c1d

# Second review scope

Repository	https://github.com/Paribus/paribus-protocol-contracts
Commit	d441c2edee027d7a4b68d71b058dffe0722907d5
Contracts	<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol SHA3:</pre>
	673a94efc6ee033486bbacab97006165e99c18fd8bdd91604df0c6e95871bb0f
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterfaces.sol SHA3:</pre>
	1bde9b6ce6f69b1be5e07cccc57bda2c4b230d5f4f5d67331d9b54d25b69043a
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol SHA3:</pre>
	98e496e0bdfcc9049dba3554bffc4386930fb2549860ad7b6e1c5d045ca12fd0
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol</pre>

<u>www.hacken.io</u>



SHA3:
e3a5baf62ac0da69a621a82228afa3e8b8bcc34f9e8502f9fda03f6c1f9dfeca
<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerStorage.sol SHA3:</pre>
138374c619cc5a1837117dbac5cfad86db6088bf9e10a966eac4bc240fca4d2f
<pre>File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol SHA3:</pre>
72324f38e42a2bf88e03650842236c454f671c36842820fb369c5dba721c93d3
File: ./contracts/ErrorReporter.sol SHA3:
88d27f7211ca0bd538e5dac5037a0cbfcd3ffa13e8183ad3462f7fbc737264a6
File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3:
6ccfe5c42b5fb6417c2d3593af538117dcf7e22257512b189a98cad40a1a8f68
<pre>File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/InterestRateModelInterface.sol SHA3:</pre>
3190eaf2f32012c354d27fb71bea099dc6b37421495f2d4fb714f077e469868f
<pre>File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3:</pre>
8c9f0b8107dc77720e91f1e57bdae7df6180c37a28670f8bee9e4ea136788a50
File: ./contracts/Interfaces/Api3Interfaces.sol SHA3:
905f62b3226945893052fbe07b52ae60f56fc6232b43c8645e45e50c93697165
File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20Interface.sol SHA3:
86d8ba61025b1c77e7426d89f01ec149696e2cdc6063b57624847e066d66ca64
File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20NonStandardInterface.sol SHA3:
16f1ec9e2db103cbbafd2e32e3324a506e9e22f4dc2333575ccf558701f9b3d5
File: ./contracts/Maximillion.sol SHA3:
5580ed7d4e6b9e1460b19f43a08d29d4069b073a81ca294ca5bc973354b86fd1
File: ./contracts/PBXToken.sol
SHA3: b55ce22e5200ab67f9a400cd04cad4ca589312cca2ceab2235ed7945bc1cca88
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
369d5f1895622ac6e94612d072da7138d1bc645c1220818b2564027927ee82e2
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
2a5aebea598752bd3ca6ab45d3a27c57bcdac4a1b72d5693de3a803ecd5eff80
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
3c790722c91c7d3c61223f1fa54101226930242db38729b95002fb7e1e44b023
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol SHA3:</pre>
2079236cb74f585ba3dcf85caf48d3afb8642aa961465e58f85e59c00ea617c0
File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol

<u>www.hacken.io</u>



E

SHA3: 7716d16743a523b569f3c732c1c0503bf278b5166d91a97d8c2bc9da9ceecfba
File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol
SHA3: e97659d5bd46c398f0eadc1a11cbc16e0e1177717e6932dc9268160c5e1ea8fe
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
430e03948b62629489dcf409a92e3ef1784b498fc23289d82f19af51c171fcf2
File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20.sol SHA3:
63723333589d42424a94d38dd5757fa77905de1fdc3a7637e15a60db5b11a467
File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol SHA3:
1fc249acbb9aec4066de7f158f856525d6455080e9ce9362e17d8cdb8bc13307
File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol SHA3:
2f588483c9b29479c75ef14fe1dd48553ae21cc83877f227bc85f8365986a39c
<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Immutable.sol SHA3:</pre>
ef4f6e77837cd56b6700967f841acbb8bd4f94b33c603e87b8eb24a76eb08549
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEther.sol SHA3:
7d6a4be7cc6f180d0b3f1a861d9d10d4d5665c68aa8a9977899e8df5558979c6
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegate.sol SHA3:
ebb9d0077cc87d32a7f20f2cc3ab5af4758091513c734e9c10968e1ca1e4014f
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol SHA3:
f2c21403f4a99ed8f6dd81054dd1f8773d3588035caaa10fec7abc9a2ffc7d1c
<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherImmutable.sol SHA3:</pre>
ae8d1900790a602f6088c9cfbc6ec01d906771c96a3a0ff6eb48bc6bc08fb27d
File: ./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol SHA3:
15f1f42ebe255c7b8687071cbc9a9b8a8e506f24b697c005287f4eee9456a56c
File: ./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol SHA3:
0d18171c2ca725e8c1c263219eae99f731e858731088dd340fa542aad9e1a8d2
File: ./contracts/Utils/ExponentialNoError.sol
19ef154d786b2e85ef0a2449a1a16be4b812cc638845085baf02d768364eb088
<pre>File: ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol SHA3:</pre>
8ba8cb523b8b5d9d428ee7f8f90924d43e429e0823d1d58bfe328b44543e4758
File: ./contracts/Utils/SafeMath.sol SHA3:
f3672bc098d0e16e1ca73b5bd3a47fcafb7ea08817ce5e2dd2c38327d5ce9d98



# Third review scope

Repository	https://github.com/Paribus/paribus-protocol-contracts
Commit	294e42958a502f4a3600629035ad055728df6b5a
Contracts	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol SHA3: 931910015c368807afcdf7bf678164f53c696f192df41864a440ac63772f2c0b
	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterfaces.sol
	SHA3: db5040835b5c54d50598d346fd718974becdffda002fcdb0259e7e078f700e10
	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol SHA3: 78a1408a5e1d4a6dfc68225057d743cbdae583092efd93f366572e8a94d8e79b
	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
	SHA3: e3625428d28045431c217236c035f39bbf494e16e18ff5ac5b81e259faf2a8f3
	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerStorage.sol
	SHA3: 3e9c4268760c432c02f099bb73f252d2bed3da7bac2fe9e350d2a1959d65082c
	File: ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol
	SHA3: c812a8c33534e2a13df09f51ed252aadaf3d78b943ef007f34cd684900961fe2
	File: ./contracts/ErrorReporter.sol
	SHA3: 88d27f7211ca0bd538e5dac5037a0cbfcd3ffa13e8183ad3462f7fbc737264a6
	<pre>File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3:</pre>
	eb8d74bb1c57498e048cf27fc527dd7a7c43c50b4d472f4eaed6049f49ed754d
	<pre>File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/InterestRateModelInterface.sol SHA3:</pre>
	3190eaf2f32012c354d27fb71bea099dc6b37421495f2d4fb714f077e469868f
	<pre>File: ./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol SHA3:</pre>
	8c9f0b8107dc77720e91f1e57bdae7df6180c37a28670f8bee9e4ea136788a50
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Interfaces/Api3Interfaces.sol SHA3:</pre>
	905f62b3226945893052fbe07b52ae60f56fc6232b43c8645e45e50c93697165
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20Interface.sol SHA3:</pre>
	86d8ba61025b1c77e7426d89f01ec149696e2cdc6063b57624847e066d66ca64
	<pre>File: ./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20NonStandardInterface.sol SHA3:</pre>
	16f1ec9e2db103cbbafd2e32e3324a506e9e22f4dc2333575ccf558701f9b3d5
	File: ./contracts/Maximillion.sol SHA3:
	5580ed7d4e6b9e1460b19f43a08d29d4069b073a81ca294ca5bc973354b86fd1
	File: ./contracts/PBXToken.sol SHA3:
	b55ce22e5200ab67f9a400cd04cad4ca589312cca2ceab2235ed7945bc1cca88

<u>www.hacken.io</u>



<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
369d5f1895622ac6e94612d072da7138d1bc645c1220818b2564027927ee82e2
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
f520b3c858130db5c65d739a73267901683de004a5a11336ebc5df97039c6ea5
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
d47dea7d7538d6df6e163607cd4492c53a170c37e4ea81303710bc32e629376c
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol SHA3:</pre>
dfaa326ce0888776972b373079192004c87765c7261080f15c1513db14ff0324
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
ad659cd9f7882d25d65e2731b6ca7eb32946c4bc16e20bd89d2a02dce8177b90
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol SHA3:</pre>
d403fa25a2b3d68130e219cb3dfa71a86b5eec0f33008707457288aba8552874
<pre>File: ./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol SHA3:</pre>
b47032641c3a6e94376e36668662f9dc3834d0042a891346fd6d283360d88546
<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20.sol SHA3:</pre>
63723333589d42424a94d38dd5757fa77905de1fdc3a7637e15a60db5b11a467
File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol SHA3:
56ec0612fe0da193200a7af8aad789431f06e361d3c686d151db85470f3f9424
File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol SHA3:
ee42dc1aa48b0e0e2d42b8dbdebf6caf3349667a2e0adf4bf4ad0036d9b4532e
<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Immutable.sol SHA3:</pre>
ef4f6e77837cd56b6700967f841acbb8bd4f94b33c603e87b8eb24a76eb08549
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEther.sol SHA3:
7d6a4be7cc6f180d0b3f1a861d9d10d4d5665c68aa8a9977899e8df5558979c6
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegate.sol SHA3:
ebb9d0077cc87d32a7f20f2cc3ab5af4758091513c734e9c10968e1ca1e4014f
File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol SHA3:
34e1b117fafa1a03e488c053f55433a9fbc19989e40c6d9093a62f8c801379f7
<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherImmutable.sol SHA3:</pre>
ae8d1900790a602f6088c9cfbc6ec01d906771c96a3a0ff6eb48bc6bc08fb27d
File: ./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol SHA3:
8b74965229734b2836ead10d8941c4600ec056f5f065f4e3f142df56637300dd



<pre>File: ./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol SHA3: 5458057206a05fe6012c8a8f6aa85dc04d964662d2a5824c0c6ec32f6d83701e File: ./contracts/Utils/ExponentialNoError.sol SHA3: 19ef154d786b2e85ef0a2449a1a16be4b812cc638845085baf02d768364eb088 File: ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol SHA3: 8ba8cb523b8b5d9d428ee7f8f90924d43e429e0823d1d58bfe328b44543e4758 File: ./contracts/Utils/SafeMath.sol SHA3:</pre>



# Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation by external or internal actors.
High	High vulnerabilities are usually harder to exploit, requiring specific conditions, or have a more limited scope, but can still lead to the loss of user funds or contract state manipulation by external or internal actors.
Medium	Medium vulnerabilities are usually limited to state manipulations but cannot lead to asset loss. Major deviations from best practices are also in this category.
Low	Low vulnerabilities are related to outdated and unused code or minor gas optimization. These issues won't have a significant impact on code execution but affect code quality



Hacken OÜ Parda 4, Kesklinn, Tallinn, 10151 Harju Maakond, Eesti, Kesklinna, Estonia support@hacken.io

# **Executive Summary**

The score measurement details can be found in the corresponding section of the <u>scoring methodology</u>.

### Documentation quality

The total Documentation Quality score is 10 out of 10.

- Functional requirements are available and detailed.
- The differences between Paribus and Compound are visible in the documents provided exclusively for Paribus.

### Code quality

The total Code Quality score is 9 out of 10.

• An outdated compiler version is used.

#### Test coverage

Code coverage of the project is 71.7% (branch coverage).

- Deployment and basic user interactions are covered with tests.
- Not all negative cases/exceptions/reverts are tested.
- Interactions with several users are not tested thoroughly.

#### Security score

As a result of the audit, the code contains **1** low severity issue. The security score is **10** out of **10**.

All found issues are displayed in the "Findings" section.

#### Summary

According to the assessment, the Customer's smart contract has the following score: **8.7**.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
					The 6:	-		1	

The final score

Table.	The	distribution	of	issues	during	the a	audit
--------	-----	--------------	----	--------	--------	-------	-------

Review date	Low	Medium	High	Critical
29 January 2023	12	3	4	0
22 February 2023	3	2	1	0
13 March 2023	1	0	0	0



# Checked Items

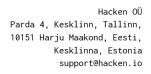
We have audited the Customers' smart contracts for commonly known and specific vulnerabilities. Here are some items considered:

Item	Туре	Description	Status
Default Visibility	<u>SWC-100</u> SWC-108	Functions and state variables visibility should be set explicitly. Visibility levels should be specified consciously.	Passed
Integer Overflow and Underflow	verflow and <u>SWC-101</u> operations should be safe from ov		Passed
Outdated Compiler Version	<u>SWC-102</u>	It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.	Failed
Floating Pragma	<u>SWC-103</u>	Contracts should be deployed with the same compiler version and flags that they have been tested thoroughly.	Passed
Unchecked Call Return Value	<u>SWC-104</u>	The return value of a message call should be checked.	Passed
Access Control & Authorization		Ownership takeover should not be possible. All crucial functions should be protected. Users could not affect data that belongs to other users.	Passed
SELFDESTRUCT Instruction		The contract should not be self-destructible while it has funds belonging to users.	Not Relevant
Check-Effect- Interaction	SW(-10/ bo tollowed it the code portor		Passed
Assert Violation			Passed
Deprecated Solidity Functions		Deprecated built-in functions should never be used.	Passed
Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Untrusted <u>SWC-112</u> trusted addresses.		Passed
DoS (Denial of Service)	SWC-113 SWC-128Execution of the code should never be blocked by a specific contract state unless required.		Passed
Race Conditions	SWC-114		Passed



Hacken OÜ Parda 4, Kesklinn, Tallinn, 10151 Harju Maakond, Eesti, Kesklinna, Estonia support@hacken.io

Authorization through tx.origin	<u>SWC-115</u>	tx.origin should not be used for authorization.	Not Relevant
Block values as a proxy for time		Block numbers should not be used for time calculations.	Not Relevant
Signature Unique IdSWC-117 SWC-121 SWC-122 ETP-155unique id. A transaction hash sho be used as a unique id. Chain identifiers should always be used parameters from the signature sho		identifiers should always be used. All parameters from the signature should be used in signer recovery. EIP-712 should be followed during a signer	Not Relevant
Shadowing State Variable	<u>SWC-119</u>	State variables should not be shadowed.	Passed
Weak Sources of Randomness	<u>SWC-120</u>	Random values should never be generated from Chain Attributes or be predictable.	Not Relevant
Incorrect Inheritance <u>SWC-125</u> Order		When inheriting multiple contracts, especially if they have identical functions, a developer should carefully specify inheritance in the correct order.	Passed
Calls Only to Trusted Addresses	usted <u>el-2</u> only to trusted addresses.		Passed
		The code should not contain unused variables if this is not <u>justified</u> by design.	Passed
EIP Standards Violation		EIP standards should not be violated.	Passed
Assets Integrity Custom		Funds are protected and cannot be withdrawn without proper permissions or be locked on the contract.	Passed
User Balances Manipulation Custom		Contract owners or any other third party should not be able to access funds belonging to users.	Passed
Data Consistency			Passed
Flashloan AttackCustomshould be received and not be vulnera changes that can b		When working with exchange rates, they should be received from a trusted source and not be vulnerable to short-term rate changes that can be achieved by using flash loans. Oracles should be used.	Passed





Token Supply Manipulation	Custom	Tokens can be minted only according to rules specified in a whitepaper or any other documentation provided by the customer.	Passed
Gas Limit and Loops	Custom	Transaction execution costs should not depend dramatically on the amount of data stored on the contract. There should not be any cases when execution fails due to the block Gas limit.	Passed
Style Guide Violation			Passed
Requirements Compliance	Custom	Custom The code should be compliant with the requirements provided by the Customer.	
Environment Consistency	Custom	The project should contain a configured development environment with a comprehensive description of how to compile, build and deploy the code.	Passed
Secure Oracles Usage	Custom	The code should have the ability to pause specific data feeds that it relies on. This should be done to protect a contract from compromised oracles.	Passed
Tests Coverage	CoverageCustomThe code should be covered with unit tests. Test coverage should be sufficient, with both negative and positive cases covered. Usage of contracts by multiple users should be tested.		Failed
Stable Imports	Custom	The code should not reference draft contracts, which may be changed in the future.	Passed



# System Overview

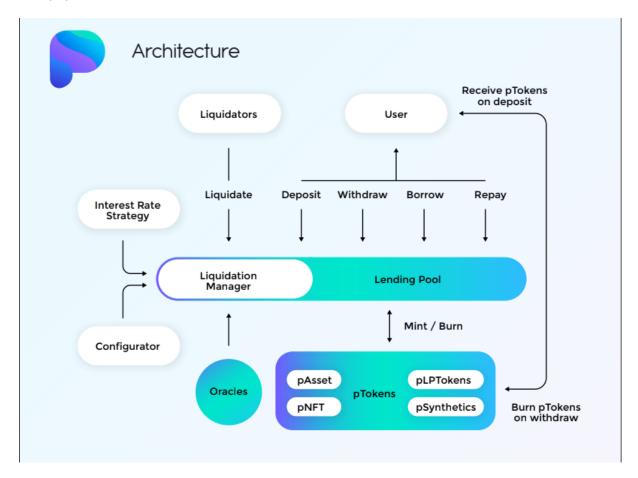
The Paribus Protocol is an Ethereum smart contract for supplying or borrowing assets. Through the pToken contracts, accounts on the blockchain supply capital (Ether or ERC-20 tokens) to receive pTokens or borrow assets from the protocol (holding other assets as collateral). The Paribus pToken contracts track these balances and algorithmically set interest rates for borrowers.

The core contracts of the system are the following;

- PToken, PErc20 and PEther The Paribus pTokens, which are self-contained borrowing and lending contracts. PToken contains the core logic and PErc20 and PEther add public interfaces for Erc20 tokens and Ether, respectively. Each PToken is assigned an interest rate and risk model (see InterestRateModel and Comptroller sections), and allows accounts to \*mint\* (supply capital), \*redeem\* (withdraw capital), \*borrow\* and \*repay a borrow\*. Each PToken is an ERC-20 compliant token where balances represent ownership of the market.
- **Comptroller** The risk model contract, which validates permissible user actions and disallows actions if they do not fit certain risk parameters. For instance, the Comptroller enforces that each borrowing user must maintain a sufficient collateral balance across all pTokens.
- Paribus (PBX) The Paribus Governance Token (PBX).
- InterestRateModel Contracts which define interest rate models. These models algorithmically determine interest rates based on the current utilization of a given market (that is, how much of the supplied assets are liquid versus borrowed).
- Careful Math Library for safe math operations.
- ErrorReporter Library for tracking error codes and failure conditions.
- Exponential Library for handling fixed-point decimal numbers.
- SafeToken Library for safely handling Erc20 interactions.
- WhitePaperInterestRateModel Initial interest rate model, as defined in the Whitepaper. This contract accepts a base rate and slope parameter in its constructor.



The architecture of the project is described as the following in the litepaper:



# Privileged roles

Roles defined in the system are the following:

- Lenders The lender is key in any DeFi platform. Most of the time these users are known as "HODLers" within the cryptocurrency space. They have no plans to outright sell their crypto assets. Paribus will be an additional outlet for this user group to earn a passive income while their underlying assets appreciate in value over time. Lenders can be thought of as liquidity providers within the ecosystem and earn interest in return for doing so. The platform will provide Deposit APR(%) based on factors such as utilization rate. Lenders can at a rough level estimate their earnings based on the Deposit APR(%) for a given asset.
- Borrowers Paribus will operate strictly as a collateralized loan platform. Meaning any borrower must deposit asset(s) in order to borrow against. As a result borrowers are indirectly also liquidity providers to assure the platform is sustainable and self-sufficient. Every borrower is subject to paying a small one-time fixed platform fee as well as the interest accrued over the period of the loan. The fee mechanism is detailed in the latter section of this paper.



- Admin Admins can change proxies implementations to a deployed contract address and change the contract behavior by delegating calls to the new implementation address.
- **Pause Guardian** Can pause certain actions as a safety mechanism. Actions which allow users to remove their own assets cannot be paused.
- Borrow Cap Guardian Can set borrow caps to any number for any market. Lowering the borrow cap could disable borrowing on the given market.

### Risks

- The project uses outdated Solidity pragma versions. Using an outdated compiler version can be problematic, especially if there are publicly disclosed bugs and issues that affect the current compiler version.
- The project uses proxies and is upgradeable which makes it centralized. The upgradeable nature of the contracts puts the implementation at risk in case of logic upgrade. Contracts can have their implementation changed without sufficient time for users to react to bad changes (i.e, the contracts are not using any sort of an implementation changing proposals mechanism that requires a certain delay to be implemented after a request by an admin).

## Recommendations

• The system relies on the security of the Admin's private keys, which can impact the execution flow and security of the funds. We recommend this account to be at least  $\frac{3}{5}$  multi-sig.



Findings

Hacken OÜ Parda 4, Kesklinn, Tallinn, 10151 Harju Maakond, Eesti, Kesklinna, Estonia support@hacken.io

# Example Critical

No critical severity issues were found.

### **High**

#### H01. Non-Finalized Code

The code contains *TODO/ check* comments. It means that the code is not finalized, and additional changes will be introduced in the future.

This can lead to incorrect implementation and the loss of user funds.

#### Paths:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol ./contracts/InterestRateModels/DAIInterestRateModelV3.sol ./contracts/Liquidator.sol

**Recommendation**: The code should be finalized, and all *TODO* and *check* comments should be addressed.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### H02. Non-Finalized Code

The production code contains functions and contracts that are intended for testing.

The production code should not be mixed with the code that is used solely in the testing environment.

#### Paths:

./PBXToken : PBXTestTokenMintable ./contracts/PriceOracle/RinkebyPriceOracle.sol : RinkebyPriceOracle ./contracts/PriceOracle/PolygonPriceOracle.sol : MumbaiPriceOracle ./contracts/PriceOracle/GoerliPriceOracle.sol : GoerliPriceOracle ./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol : SimplePriceOracle ./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol : RinkarbyPriceOracle

**Recommendation**: The code should be finalized. All testing functions, contracts, and mocks should be arranged in a way that makes it easy to distinguish them from production code.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### H03. Requirements Violation

In the ComptrollerPart1.sol contract, there are functions that have no implementations which contradict their NatSpec descriptions.

This may lead to unsafe implementations in the future.

#### Path:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol : mintVerify(),



borrowVerify(), repayBorrowVerify(), liquidateBorrowVerify(), seizeVerify(), transferVerify()

**Recommendation**: The code should be finalized according to the NatSpec. Consider updating the documentation or removing dead code.

**Status**: Mitigated (Mitigated in the commit: d441c2e. The NatSpec for functions indicates that:

"... Now empty, reserved for potential future use.")

#### H04. Undocumented Behavior

The code should not contain undocumented behavior.

The Paribus production code added to the Compound protocol is undocumented.

This can lead to confusion, misunderstanding and difficulty of further integration or code upgrades.

#### Paths:

./contracts/Liquidator.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol ./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol ./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol ./contracts/Utils/Timelock.sol

**Recommendation**: Provide functional and technical documentation that covers all functionality of the Paribus protocol.

The documentation for the Compound protocol is helpful, but documentation written exclusively for Paribus would be beneficial for the project.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: 294e429)

(The documentation is now written exclusively for the Paribus Protocol and is comprehensive.)

#### Medium

#### M01. Best Practice Violation - Usage of Assert

There are some *assert()* statements in the code for control flow.

Properly functioning code should never reach a failing assert statement. A reachable assertion can mean one of two things:

- A bug exists in the contract that allows it to enter an invalid state.
- The assert statement is used incorrectly, e.g. to validate inputs.

#### Paths:

./contracts/Liquidator.sol



./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol

**Recommendation**: Consider whether the condition checked in *assert()* is actually an invariant. If not, replace the *assert()* statement with a *require()* statement.

If the exception is indeed caused by unexpected behavior of the code, fix the underlying bug(s) that allow the assertion to be violated.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: 294e429)

#### M02. Unscalable Functionality - Shadowing State Variable

In the ComptrollerPart2.sol contract in the *updatePBXSupplyIndex()* function the PBXAccrued local variable is shadowing a storage variable from the contract.

In complex contract systems this condition could go unnoticed and subsequently lead to security issues.

#### Path:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol : updatePBXSupplyIndex()

**Recommendation**: Consider using a different name for the local variable used in the function.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### M03. Contradiction - Missing Validation

The *PBXToken* token address should be permanent after it is set in the *\_setPBXToken()* function; however, this validation is missing.

This can lead to a situation in which the reward token in the Paribus system is changed, resulting in a loss of trust from its community.

#### Path:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol : \_setPBXToken()

Recommendation: Implement validation.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### M04. Unscalable Functionality - Shadowing State Variable

In the ComptrollerPart2.sol contract in the *updatePBXBorrowIndex()* function the PBXAccrued local variable is shadowing a storage variable from the contract.

In complex contract systems this condition could go unnoticed and subsequently lead to security issues.

#### Path:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol : updatePBXBorrowIndex()



**Recommendation**: Consider using a different name for the local variable used in the function.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: 294e429)

#### Low

#### L01. Floating Pragma

Locking the pragma helps to ensure that contracts are not accidentally deployed using an outdated compiler version that might introduce bugs that affect the contract system negatively.

#### Paths:

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterface.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerStorage.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol
./contracts/ErrorReporter.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/DAIInterestRateModelV3.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/InterestRateModelInterface.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModel.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyInterestRateModel.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyJumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/AaveInterfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/Api3Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20Interface.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20NonStandardInterface.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV2Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV3Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Liquidator.sol
./contracts/Maximillion.sol
./contracts/PBXToken.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/GoerliPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/PolygonPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/RinkebyPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Immutable.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEther.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegate.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherImmutable.sol
```



Hacken OÜ Parda 4, Kesklinn, Tallinn, 10151 Harju Maakond, Eesti, Kesklinna, Estonia support@hacken.io

./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol ./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol ./contracts/Utils/ExponentialNoError.sol ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol ./contracts/Utils/SafeMath.sol

./contracts/Utils/Timelock.sol

**Recommendation**: Consider locking the pragma version whenever possible and avoid using a floating pragma in the final deployment.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### L02. Style Guide Violation

The project should follow the official code style guidelines. Inside each contract, library, or interface, use the following order:

- Type declarations
- State variables
- Events
- Modifiers
- Functions

Functions should be grouped according to their visibility and ordered:

- constructor
- receive function (if exists)
- fallback function (if exists)
- external
- public
- internal
- private

Within a grouping, place the view and pure functions at the end.

#### Paths:

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol
```

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol
```

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
```

./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol

./contracts/InterestRateModels/DAIInterestRateModelV3.sol

```
./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol
```

```
./contracts/Liquidator.sol
```

./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol

./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol

./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol

./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol

**Recommendation**: The official Solidity style guidelines should be followed.

**Status**: Mitigated (Customer follows a custom function order that provides good readability for this specific project.)



#### L03. Unused Function Arguments

Unused function arguments should be removed from the contracts. This will help lower the Gas cost.

The function `getHypotheticalAccountLiquidityInternal()` receives the argument `redeemTokenId`, but does not use it anywhere.

Path: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol

Recommendation: Remove unused variables from the code.

**Status**: Mitigated (Mitigated in the commit: d441c2e. The NatSpec has been updated indicating that *redeemTokenId* is:

"Unused, reserved for NFT code".)

#### L04. Best Practices - Modifiers

In the ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol contract, the functions *adminOrInitializing()* and *onlyAdmin()* are only used to check certain conditions before executing other functions.

These functions can be converted into modifiers for better readability.

Path: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol

Recommendation: Consider converting these functions to modifiers.

Status: Mitigated (With customer notice:

"... the compiled binary code with functions seems to be a bit smaller than the one with modifiers. Contract size limit is a huge problem in Comptroller.".)

#### L05. Missing Zero Address Validation

Address parameters are being used without checking against the possibility of 0x0. This can lead to unwanted external calls to 0x0.

The argument `PBXTokenAddress` on `\_setPBXToken` doesn't check if the address is a zero address.

Path: ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol

**Recommendation**: Implement zero address checks.

**Status**: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### L06. Checks-Effects-Interactions Violation

The Checks-Effects-Interactions pattern is violated. In the functions `liquidateBorrowInternal`, `redeemFresh` and `\_setImplementation`, some state variables are updated after the external calls.

#### Paths:

./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol



./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol

**Recommendation**: The code should follow the <u>Checks-Effects-Interactions</u> pattern.

**Status**: Mitigated (Mentioned functions violate the CEI pattern, but are guarded by a 'nonReentrant' modifier or can only be called by an Admin.)

#### L07. Missing Events

Events for critical state changes should be emitted for tracking things off-chain.

The function `transferOwnership` does not emit an event for the critical state change.

Path: ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol

Recommendation: Create and emit related events.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### L08. Functions That Can Be Declared External

"public" functions that are never called by the contract should be declared "external" to save gas.

#### Paths:

./contracts/Utils/Timelock.sol ./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterface.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol ./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol

**Recommendation**: Use the "external" attribute for functions never called from the contract.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)

#### L09. Boolean Equality

Boolean values can be checked directly and do not need to be compared to true or false.

#### Paths:

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
```

Recommendation: Remove boolean equality.

```
Status: Fixed (Revised commit: d441c2e)
```



#### L10. Unindexed Events

Having indexed parameters in the events makes it easier to search for these events using indexed parameters as filters.

#### Paths:

./contracts/ErrorReporter.sol

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterface.sol

./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol

./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol

./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModel.sol

./contracts/InterestRateModels/WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol

./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol

**Recommendation**: Use the "indexed" keyword for at least one of the event parameters.

Status: Mitigated (With customer notice:

"... decided not to include the indexed parameter on all set events (like event NewReserveFactor(uint oldReserveFactorMantissa, uint newReserveFactorMantissa)) because I highly doubt that anyone will try to search events by parameters like reserveFactorMantissa.".)

#### L11. No Messages in Require Conditions

Some require/assert statements are missing error messages.

`PToken.isPToken()` is called as an assert mechanism to make sure the token is compliant with the system but these calls alone will cause reverts without a message due to an incorrect external address ABI layout.

This makes the code harder to test and debug.

#### Paths:

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol

./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol

./contracts/Liquidator.sol

./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol

./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol

./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol

./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol

./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol

**Recommendations**: All require/assert/revert statements should have an error message. The token compliance check should be made safely (e.g checking if target address supports the interface using <u>ERC165</u>) and revert with a reasonable error message.

Status: Fixed (Revised commit: 294e429)

#### L12. Outdated Compiler Version

Using an outdated compiler version can be problematic especially if there are publicly disclosed bugs and issues that affect the current compiler version.



Hacken OÜ Parda 4, Kesklinn, Tallinn, 10151 Harju Maakond, Eesti, Kesklinna, Estonia support@hacken.io

Using the current version of Solidity is generally considered best practice because it includes the latest updates and bug fixes. Newer versions address security vulnerabilities that may have been discovered in previous versions, making them more secure to use. Additionally, newer versions include new features and improvements that make writing and deploying smart contracts easier and more efficient. Using an outdated version of Solidity may expose your contracts to potential security risks and make it more difficult to take advantage of newer features and capabilities.

There is no reason to use an outdated Solidity version; the Compound protocol contracts that the Paribus protocol uses as its main backbone have been updated to version ^0.8.10.

#### Paths:

```
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerCommonImpl.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerInterface.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart1.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerPart2.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/ComptrollerStorage.sol
./contracts/Comptroller/Unitroller.sol
./contracts/ErrorReporter.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/BaseJumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/DAIInterestRateModelV3.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/InterestRateModelInterface.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModel.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/JumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyInterestRateModel.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/LegacyJumpRateModelV2.sol
./contracts/InterestRateModels/WhitePaperInterestRateModel.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/AaveInterfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/Api3Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20Interface.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/EIP20NonStandardInterface.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV2Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Interfaces/UniswapV3Interfaces.sol
./contracts/Liquidator.sol
./contracts/Maximillion.sol
./contracts/PBXToken.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/ArbitrumPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/GoerliPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/Api3PriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/ChainlinkPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/PriceOracleCommonImpl.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/Impl/StablecoinsPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/PolygonPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/PriceOracleInterface.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/RinkebyPriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PriceOracle/SimplePriceOracle.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegate.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Delegator.sol
./contracts/PToken/PErc20/PErc20Immutable.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEther.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegate.sol
./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherDelegator.sol
                         www.hacken.io
```



./contracts/PToken/PEther/PEtherImmutable.sol

- ./contracts/PToken/PToken.sol
- ./contracts/PToken/PTokenInterfaces.sol
- ./contracts/Utils/ExponentialNoError.sol
- ./contracts/Utils/Ownable.sol
- ./contracts/Utils/SafeMath.sol
- ./contracts/Utils/Timelock.sol

**Recommendations**: It is recommended to use a recent version of the Solidity compiler.

Status: Reported (The recent version of the Solidity compiler is not used.)



# Disclaimers

## Hacken Disclaimer

The smart contracts given for audit have been analyzed based on best industry practices at the time of the writing of this report, with cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment, and functionality (performing the intended functions).

The report contains no statements or warranties on the identification of all vulnerabilities and security of the code. The report covers the code submitted and reviewed, so it may not be relevant after any modifications. Do not consider this report as a final and sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bug-free status, or any other contract statements.

While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only — we recommend proceeding with several independent audits and a public bug bounty program to ensure the security of smart contracts.

English is the original language of the report. The Consultant is not responsible for the correctness of the translated versions.

## Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on a blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the Consultant cannot guarantee the explicit security of the audited smart contracts.